

Nursing PREDOCS consultation prevents postoperative delirium, depression, pressure ulcers and infections

Roelof Ettema RN PhD
Yvonne Jordens RN MSc
Annette van Hell RN MSC
Jacomijn van der Werf RN MSc
Marieke Schuurmans RN PhD professor in Nursing

RESEARCH CENTRE FOR INNOVATIONS IN HEALTH CARE



Facts & Figures



- Over 70% of all cardiac surgery procedures in the Netherlands are done in patients of 65 years and older
- Older patients do have a higher risk on functional and/or cognitive decline due to occurrence of adverse events during the hospital admission like:

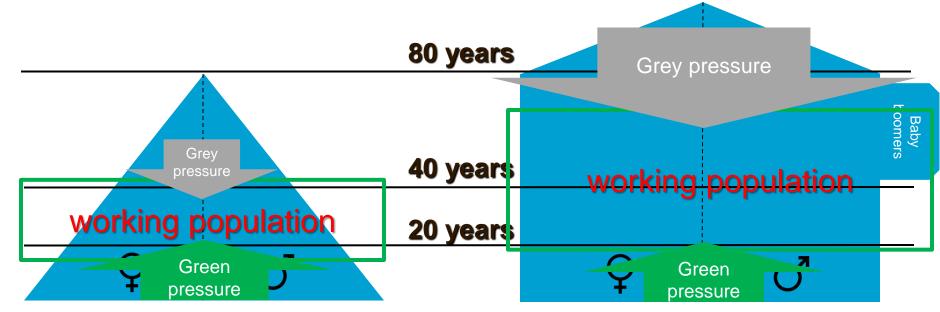
Delirium 14.7% - 54.9% (Arenson et al, 2013; Smulter et al, 2013)

Depression 10.0% - 37.7% (Horne et al, 2013; Doering et al, 2013)

Pressure Ulcer 14.0% - 18% (Brindle et al, 2012; Gomez et al, 2009)

Infection 8.3% - 54.5% (Rahmanian et al, 2013; Segers et al, 2008)

The part of older people is increasing in our societies



Population Structure 100 years ago

Due to

- Poor hygiene
- High infection rate
- No clean drinking water
- Wars and battles
- Poor housing
- Food shortages

Population Structure Nowadays

Due to

Bathing, cleaning and clothing

Antibiotics treatments / Healthcare

Clean tap water

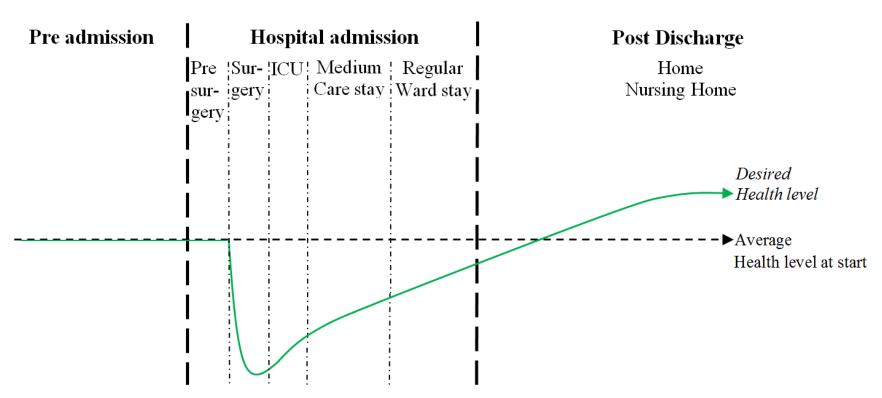
Peace and stability

Social housing

Food surplus

Problem & Approach

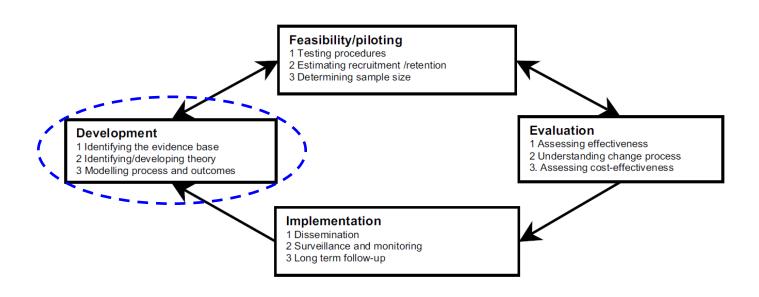




Intervention Development & Feasibilty

PREDOCS





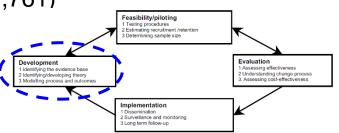
MRC phase: Development (2007 - 2013)



Identifiying the evidence base:

- 1. Systematic review prevalence postoperative complications
- 2. Systematic review preadmission patient characteristics related to a problematic postoperative course
- 3. Systematic literature review: effective preventive interventions Identifying / developing theory:
- 4. Identifying risk factors for surgery and ICU complications (11,395 cardiac surgery patients)
- 5. Etiologic relations: modifiable preadmission characteristics and post surgery complications (n=1,761)
- 6.Interviews patients: needs (n=9)
- 7. Surveys nurses: opinions prevalence and preventions (n=250) Modelling process and outcomes:
- 8. Prognostic modelling: selection of frail patients (n=1,761)
- 9. Intervention development

Research Centre for Innovations in Health Care www.kenniscentrumivz.hu.nl



Intervention PREPOCS





Intervention includes 3 parts:

- 1.General applicable for all cardiac surgery patients
- 2. Selection of frail patients (increased risk on postoperative complications)
- 3. Specific preventive measures according to the increased risk

Part 1 (General):

- a. Standard information on three levels:
 - Procedure / What patient will experience / What patient can do
- b. Nutritional condition
- c.Empower partner/childeren/social environment
- d.Pain management for rapid postoperative recovery



Intervention PREPOCS





Part 2 (Selection):

Delirium Risk Score	Points
during the Preoperative Consultation	
Previous Delirium	2
Diagnosis Alzheimer	2
Use of a walking stick or a walker	2
EuroSCORE greater than 20% risk	1
Receives support from family / friends (informal care) and	1
living alone or no active support partner	
Age above 70 years	1
History of CVA / TIA	1
Use of Benzodiazepines	1
Total (increased risk of delirium is 3 or higher)	

Pressure Ulcer Risk Score	Points
during the Preoperative Consultation	
History of Tricuspid Insufficiëncy	5
Physically limited *	3
Living alone	3
EuroSCORE greater than 20% risk	2
Use of Fraxiparin	2
Renal impairment	1
Total (increased risk of pressure ulcers at 3 or higher)	

Depression Risk Score during the Preoperative Consultation	Points
Use of insoles	3
Deaf of deafness	2
Female	1
Use of Benzodiazepines	1
Total (increased risk of depression at 2 or higher)	

*) within the survey the patient is asked whether she or he has a disability. The response categories were: 'deaf', 'blind', 'disability' and 'intellectual disability'.

Infection Risk Score	Points
during the Preoperative Consultation	
History of Tricuspid Insufficiëncy	3
EuroSCORE greater than 20% risk	2
Use of Diuretics	2
Total (increased risk of infection is 3 or higher)	

Statistical performance (n = 1,761):

AUC's: 0,72; 0,59; 0,68; 0,64

เรลโฮ

P-values, *U*-statistics: 1; 1; 0,16; 1

.... clinical eye!

Research Centre for Innovations in Health Care www.kenniscentrumivz.hu.nl

Intervention PREPOCS



Part 3 (Preventive measures):

Delirium

- a. Signs & Symptoms
- b. Favorite food and drinks
- c.Quick mobilization
- d.Sleeping habits
- e.Use the aids
- f.Orientation
- g.Will for information
- h.Daily visits or sleeping

Pressure Ulcer

Signs & Symptoms

Research Centre for Innovations in Health Care www.kenniscentrumivz.hu.nl

Depression

- a.Relaxing music
- b.Daily visits
- c.Signs & Symptoms

Infection

- a.Breathing exercises
- b.Coughing up / Huffing
- c.Signs & Symptoms
- d.Not touching the wound

Continuity of care

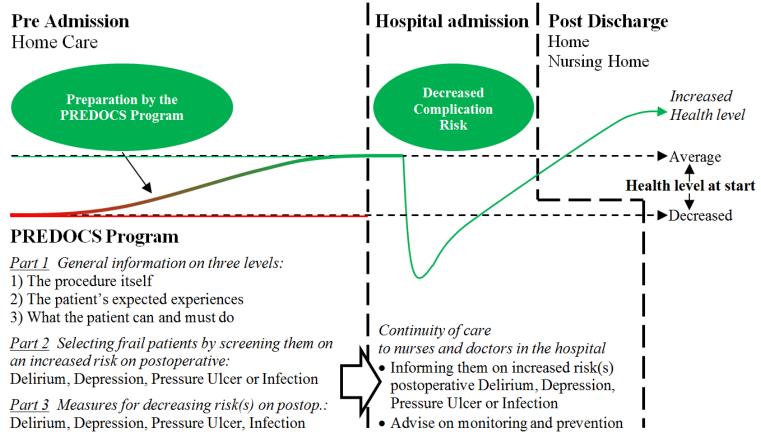
Report of findings and intervention given, in the patient file for ward care

Solution:

Prepare patients for their hospital admission with cardiac surgery!







Research Centre for Innovations in Health Care www.kenniscentrumivz.hu.nl

Short Instruction Film PREDOCS



better in better out in cardiac surgery







better in better out in cardiac surgery





Nursing PREDOCS consultation prevents postoperative delirium, depression, pressure ulcers and infections

Thank you for your attention

Roelof Ettema RN PhD
Yvonne Jordens RN MSc
Annette van Hell RN MSC
Jacomijn van der Werf RN MSc
Marieke Schuurmans RN PhD professor in Nursing

RESEARCH CENTRE FOR INNOVATIONS IN HEALTH CARE

